

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Adrian Hayward on the Stand in the Minneapolis Trial.

THREE OF THE BROTHERS IN COURT

Two Will Try to Prove the Other Insane.

COMMENT BY THE COURT

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., February 11.—Adrian Hayward, the brother of the man accused of murdering Catherine Gilling, was on the court room today fifteen minutes before the trial began. His wife sat beside him with traces of recent tears on her cheeks and face. When Harry was brought in by the deputy the eyes of the two brothers met, but there was no sign of recognition other than a smile of commiseration on the face of Harry.

Dr. Thaddeus T. Hayward, the third brother, was present and was visibly more cordial to Harry than to Adrian. It is understood that Harry is to stand and swear that his brother Adrian is mentally incapable, and, in fact, insane. When asked this morning whether he would be a witness he refused to either affirm or deny it, and when further questioned as to whether Adrian is insane he replied: "If he is not he's been very near it several times."

The direct examination of ex-Mayor Eustis was resumed at the opening of the court with the story of his having loaned money to Harry with Harry Hayward about the loans he had made to Miss Gilling.

Dr. Erwin interposed an objection that the information given by the witness was untrue, but this was overruled, and the ex-Mayor repeated the now familiar story.

The cross-examination developed nothing new, but the witness was asked questions which he answered with evasions and exceptions noted by the defense.

Adrian Hayward was then called to the stand and a burst of subdued interest went around the court room. He stated that he was thirty-three and Harry was twenty-nine years of age. He was born in Macoupin county, Illinois, where he was born. He was married and had two children. He was a successful business man, and he had been in the business of buying and selling diamonds for some time. He had been in the business of buying and selling diamonds for some time. He had been in the business of buying and selling diamonds for some time.

At this point Mr. Erwin asked and impressively said he had an objection here. This witness has a delusion on this subject, and, in fact, insane.

The court then said to the witness: "You are more insane than some of the attorneys in this case."

"I take an exception to the court's ruling," retorted Adrian, "and to the court's remarks before this jury."

With that remark he sat down and the examination proceeded.

"He told me," continued Adrian, "that she had some notes secured by a mortgage on a flour mill at Hamlet, and asked me to go with him to the mill. I went with him. We drove out, and though I advised him against the loan, he made it. Three weeks later he came in and said he had burned and he would probably get the money to handle."

The Murderer's Proposal.

"About the middle of September he asked me if I wanted to make good money. I said yes, and he said I could get about \$2,000 if I was not too particular. He asked me if I was willing to kill a woman for \$2,000. I said I was not willing to kill any body. He said it was easy to do it, and no one would be suspicious of me, as they only looked for a set of criminals who had been convicted of crime before."

After that he asked me a hackman that would do anything for him. He said it would be easy to kill her in a hack, and if necessary the hackman could be paid. Then he said he had a hackman that would do anything for him. He said it would be easy to kill her in a hack, and if necessary the hackman could be paid. Then he said he had a hackman that would do anything for him.

The Water Supply Frozen.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., February 11.—For miles through Kansas the Missouri river is frozen solid from bank to bank. Not alone the Missouri, but most of its tributaries in Kansas are almost dry. At this point the water supply is almost entirely cut off. As many towns depend upon the Missouri for drinking water, another source of hardship is felt in this regard.

An English Manufacturer's Death.

LONDON, February 11.—Hilton Greaves, one of the most important cotton manufacturers of England, died at Oldham today.

Pensions Granted.

Among the pensions granted today were the following:

District of Columbia—Thomas L. Carroll, Adolph Johnson, Augustus A. Drescher, Soldiers' Home; John Cannon, Soldiers' Home; Rudolf Miller, Chas. Hodge, Soldiers' Home, and Henry Weiss.

District of Columbia—John Hall; William Jester, Georgetown; Benj. F. Clarkson, Baltimore; John Erdrebrecht, John Miller, Baltimore; J. Pembroke, Elizabeth City; William Samuels, Norfolk; Bertha Irwin, Baltimore; minors of Benjamin F. Price, Sharpsburg; Mary E. Myers, Baltimore; Sarah J. Chappell, Annapolis.

Attended His Own Inquest.

LOWESTOFT, England, February 11.—A man who attended the inquest on the body of one of the passengers of the Elbe, supposed to be that of Edward Muskhovitz, declared himself to be the real Edward Muskhovitz, and said that the body was that of a man named Guttman, his brother-in-law, who had absconded from Buda Pesth, taking the witness' passport, cards, and securing a second cabin passage to New York. Guttman, who was accompanied by his brother Adolf and his sister, lost their money in a house speculation, and made good his losses with the funds of a company of which he was a director. Guttman's sister had looked as "Estelle Heller," and she had \$10,000 hidden away in her dress when drowned. The coroner's jury expressed themselves as satisfied with Muskhovitz's evidence.

How He Saved His Claim.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., February 11.—A story has just leaked out that a man named Tappins, a bartender, made an attempt to "jump" the famous War Eagle mine, a gold and copper mine in Trail Creek, British Columbia, valued at \$1,000,000. Patsy Clark, the millionaire miner, who is president of the War Eagle Company, was at Spokane Falls on the situation and the danger of the mine being "jumped." He, with D. C. Corbin, president of the Spokane and Northern railroad, and a stockholder in the mine, ordered out a special engine and coach, and a mile-minute car was struck for Nelson, B. C., where the mine was, where the new license was secured, the old one having expired. Under the Canadian mining laws it is necessary to take out a license to work or hold any mining property. Clark then immediately returned to the mines, and, showing Tappins the license, induced him to abandon his attempt to "jump the mine."

Thirty Inches of Snow.

RIFLE, Col., February 11.—Thirty inches of snow has fallen here. The oldest inhabitant never saw anything like it before. It is feared that there will be great loss of life on the range.

OPENING THE BLOCKADE.

A Large Force Working on Loudoun County Roads.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

ROUND HILL, Va., February 11.—The blockade still continues. Business in Loudoun county is at a standstill. Round Hill flour mills are shut down on account of lack of coal. Large numbers of men are at work opening the county roads. No mail has been received since Thursday, but it is hoped that mail will be able to reach here some time this afternoon. Supervisor Lynch has a large force of men working day and night to open the track and he is assisted by several powerful locomotives. When Harry was brought in by the deputy the eyes of the two brothers met, but there was no sign of recognition other than a smile of commiseration on the face of Harry.

Want Their Old Wages.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., February 11.—The conductors, engineers and firemen representing the grievance committee of the railroad system of the Southern Railway left Knoxville this morning for Washington. They go to confer with Third Vice President Baldwin regarding a restoration of the wages which they claim to be entitled to for the future.

Protest Against Compulsory Shaving.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., February 11.—Three delegates from the Trades and Labor union will go to Jefferson City in a few days to request the legislature to take some action against the law which has been made in several hotels in this city compelling waiters to shave. This was decided at the semi-monthly meeting of the trades and labor union, which adopted a resolution requesting the state legislature of Missouri to enact a law making it a felony for an employer or his agents to compel any person from employees, or those seeking work.

Indians Having a Hard Time.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., February 11.—Rev. S. C. Snyder of the Navajo agency at Fort Defiance, who is in this city, says the Indians are having a hard time this winter. Their wool crop was hardly worth shipping and they raised no grain last year. They are eating their horses, of which they have got herds. Two representatives of the Interior Department are here to see the situation. No work is now being done on the irrigating system that is being put in by the government. It is expected that active work will begin on the ditches in the spring.

American Tourists Robbed.

OAXACA, Mexico, February 11.—Three American tourists, whose names are not known, left here about ten days ago for the state of Chiapas, to make explorations of ancient Aztec cities of that section. Advice was brought in yesterday by a mail coach that the three Americans had been attacked near the village of San Javier by a band of Guatemala refugees and robbed of all the money and valuables which they carried.

Pittsburg Against Foreign Pottery.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., February 11.—J. P. Goodwin, D. E. McNeel and George C. Thompson, prominent pottery manufacturers of East Liverpool, Ohio, passed through here on their way home from New York, where they attended a big meeting of manufacturers and jobbers. They said they had formed a combine to shut out from the American market a European pottery which they said was selling at a price which they agreed to stop handling European pottery.

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A TRANSFER AGREEMENT

How Suburban Lines Can Connect with the City Street Railways.

It Will Probably Be Attached to the Metropolitan Railway Bill That Has Passed the Senate.

An agreement has been reached between a subcommittee of the House District committee and the representatives of the street railways in the matter of transfers between city and suburban lines. The agreement is to the effect that four tickets shall be sold for 25 cents, one of which will entitle the holder to a ride on the line selling it and also good to the end of the route, within the District, upon the connecting line. Thus, a car from the P. O. on the Washington and Georgetown line to the end of the Tenleytown line for a ticket costing 6-1-4 cents. Where a person does not wish to transfer to the other line, the transfer to the suburban line may be obtained by the payment of 3 cents additional to the original fare. The bill will probably attach to the Metropolitan railway bill that is now before the Senate. It provides that the Metropolitan road shall lay from the intersection of 4th and L streets southwest along 4th street to P street, and then along P street to the electric road; thence east along P street to Water street; thence northwesterly along Water street to L street; thence east along L street to the intersection of 4th and L streets. The bill also provides for the Georgetown loop along P street, 36th Prospect avenue, 35th street and O street.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

The Resolution Introduced in the Senate by Mr. Pettigrew.

Following is the concurrent resolution introduced by Senator Pettigrew today:

"Resolved, That the President is hereby requested to employ counsel for the purpose of bringing suit against the directors and stockholders of the Union and Central Pacific railroads, who received the stock of said roads without paying cash for the same, and to recover from said directors, officers and stockholders of said roads sums of money as were stolen by them or diverted and converted to any unlawful purpose and therefore not placed in the sinking fund required by law, and the President is hereby authorized to pay to said attorneys the sum of 5 per cent of the amount recovered from said directors or stockholders."

The Attorney General is also directed to foreclose the mortgage of the government on said roads at the earliest possible date, and to take steps to prevent any encumbrance on said roads, and to use the sinking fund for the purpose; to ascertain the amount of money belonging to the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads that have been invested in branch lines and the amount of bonds and stock of other companies now the property of said railroads, and to ascertain the amount of lands now the property of said railroads, and to recover from said directors, officers and stockholders of said roads sums of money as were stolen by them or diverted and converted to any unlawful purpose and therefore not placed in the sinking fund required by law, and the President is hereby authorized to pay to said attorneys the sum of 5 per cent of the amount recovered from said directors or stockholders."

A SUPERVISING ARCHITECT.

Secretary Carlisle Will Probably Select One in a Few Days.

It is expected that the vacancy in the office of supervising architect of the treasury will be filled in a few days. Secretary Carlisle has received applications from a number of persons for the office, and he is expected to select one in a few days. The duties of the office are to supervise the construction of the buildings of the treasury, and to see that the work is done in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect.

THE CASE GOES ON.

Howgate Trial Resumed After a Long Delay.

Juror Fidler having been able to break a road through the snowdrifts, and Mr. A. S. Worthington having recovered from his illness, both appeared in court this morning for the resumption of the trial of Capt. Henry W. Howgate to proceed. For some reason or other the trial of the ex-disbursing officer of the signal service office has ceased to be a drawing card, and very few persons attended it today. As on the preceding days of the trial the defendant was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Ida Howgate.

A Roll Call Forced.

Mr. Pendleton (W. Va.) tried to force the appointment of the committee to allow a bill to pass appropriating \$5,000 for extra compensation to the Melbourne exposition commissioners by making the point of no quorum on all amendments offered. Another amendment of Mr. Flynn's to increase the appropriation for the legislative expenses of the committee from \$2,500 to \$5,000 was defeated 28-22 and when Mr. Pendleton persisted in his point of no quorum he forced a roll call of the committee. The majority of the committee is 22-10, and the vote recurred on the Flynn amendment, which was defeated. Mr. Pendleton this time was winning from making a point of no quorum.

The Legislative Appropriation Bill.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the legislative appropriation bill. On motion of Mr. Hartman (Mont.) an amendment was adopted authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to establish at the assay office at Helena a refinery for the purpose of refining silver and for casting the same into bars, ingots, etc.

Patent Office Gazette.

Mr. Dockery offered an amendment to the clause appropriating \$25,000 for the publication of the Patent Office Gazette and \$61,125 for producing copies of drawings, trade marks, etc., so as to give the public printer an opportunity to bid for the work and to do the work at the public printing office if the joint committee on printing for the selection of a printer was not interested in the proposition.

Admiral Meade's Fleet.

Admiral Meade, with his fleet, the New York, Cincinnati and Raleigh, sailed from Santa Cruz today for Martinique. The Detroit will soon join Admiral Carpenter's fleet, in Chinese waters. The fleet left Singapore yesterday for Hong Kong.

ONLY THREE WEEKS

The Session of Congress Drawing to a Close.

SENATOR HILL'S FINANCIAL RESOLUTION

The Legislative Appropriation Bill in the House.

PROGRESS MADE ON IT

The credentials of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts for another term in the Senate, beginning March 4 next—the fourth term of Mr. Hoar—were presented to the Senate today by his colleague, Mr. Lodge.

Mr. Davis, senator from New York, introduced resolutions from the legislature of Minnesota characterizing the railway pooling bill as an effort to "legalize a gigantic trust," and requesting the Minnesota Senators and Representatives to work against the measure.

The legislatures of both Kansas and Minnesota expressed themselves in favor of the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

The Senate today took up the conference report on the bill for the removal and settlement of the Southern Utah Indians.

Mr. Gorman's motion to reconsider the bill affecting important railroad lands in Montana and Idaho was disposed of by amendments, which led to the withdrawal of the motion to reconsider.

Mr. Hill's Financial Resolution.

A new phase of the financial question came up on the resolution presented by Mr. Hill of New York, defining the policy of the government concerning bimetallicism, gold payments, etc. The resolution is as follows: "Resolved (If the House of Representatives concurs), That it is the sense of this body that the policy of the government requires that its efforts should be steadily directed to the establishment of a safe system of bimetallicism, wherein gold and silver should be equally valued, and every dollar coined may be the equal in value and power of every other dollar coined or issued by the United States; but if our efforts to establish such a system of bimetallicism shall not be wholly successful, and if for any reason our silver coin shall not be equal in value and power to our gold coin, then the policy of the government shall be to maintain the value of the dollar in the payment of debts, then it is hereby declared that the bonds of the United States should be payable in coin, which by their terms are payable in coin, shall nevertheless be paid in standard gold dollars, it being the policy of the United States to maintain the value of the dollar in the best money in use."

Mr. Stewart's Counter Resolution.

Mr. Stewart, a populist, at once supplemented the Hill resolution with another resolution as follows: "Resolved, That there is no authority of law to buy gold coin in preference to silver coin for any purpose whatever."

Mr. Stewart also went over and the Senate took up the post office appropriation bill.

THE HOUSE.

The Senate amendments to the Chicago public building bill were agreed to by the House today.

The Denver mint bill was called up by Chairman Bland of the committee on coinage, weights and measures. Mr. Pence (Col.) spoke of the advantages to be gained from coining gold at the Denver assay office, because large quantities of gold are mined in the surrounding country. In reply to questions from Mr. Dingley (N. H.), he explained that the bill would give the same compensation received by the mint at the Carson City, Nev., branch mint. It was agreed that a vote should be taken on the bill at the end of the session today.

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UNDER CAR WHEELS

Inquest of the Fatal Accident on the Belt Line Road.

Coroner's Jury Hears Testimony on the Fatal Accident on the Belt Line Road.

There was a fatal accident at Virginia avenue and 10th street southwest Saturday afternoon when a stagecoach, which was the direct result of the cold weather and condition of the street. Joseph Woodward, the victim of the accident, was a huckster, who lived at No. 140 N street southwest. He was walking behind the wagon, which was moving along the line of the Belt line car tracks. There was a car drawn by four horses approaching, and when the drivers of the car horses made an attempt to turn the stagecoach to the side and get out of the way. The car was only a short distance from the wagon at that time. Woodward, whose head and ears were covered to protect him from the cold, was unable to hear the warning, and he evidently did not see the approaching car, for he remained on the track and did not heed the warning. The drivers, James Gates and J. Nally, made every effort to stop the horses, but were unable to do so until after Woodward had been knocked down and dragged some distance.

The police patrol wagon was called and the injured man was taken to the Emergency Hospital. All the way to the hospital the injured man talked of his wife and child. He realized that he could not recover, and was extremely anxious about those whom he would have to leave behind him. When the hospital was reached it was found that his left arm was broken and he had sustained severe internal injuries, in addition to several external bruises and cuts. His wife and child were with him at the hospital, and he was extremely anxious about those whom he would have to leave behind him. When the hospital was reached it was found that his left arm was broken and he had sustained severe internal injuries, in addition to several external bruises and cuts. His wife and child were with him at the hospital, and he was extremely anxious about those whom he would have to leave behind him.

Before the Coroner.

Henry Garner, a young man, who was with the deceased at the time of the accident, was the first witness examined. He testified that the driver of the stagecoach could have saved Mr. Woodward's life had he pulled the horses from the track. The witness explained that the car bell was not sounded, and said that Mr. Woodward was knocked down before the drivers made an outcry to warn him of danger.

After he was knocked down, said witness, and the car was stopped, one of the witnesses testified that the driver of the stagecoach moved him without assistance, and the railroad men finally assisted him.

Mr. Woodward's wife and child, who were with him at the time of the accident, were also examined. The witness testified that the driver of the stagecoach moved him without assistance, and the railroad men finally assisted him.

Given to Maryland.

Upon the requisition of Gov. Brown of Maryland, Chief Justice Bingham today directed that Eugene Blumenthal be delivered over to the Maryland authorities. The requisition charged Blumenthal with having been in connection with three notes of \$10 each, and one for \$5, the prosecuting witness being Wm. Delaney.

Extending the Fever Line.

In accordance with the act of Congress of May 29, 1894, the Secretary of Agriculture has issued to "managers and superintendents of railroads and transportation companies of the United States, stockmen and others" the usual regulations concerning the extension of the fever line. The regulations are in force from the 15th day of February to the 1st day of December next. The principal difference between the regulations of the previous year and those of this year is that the Texas fever line, as it is called, has been extended westward to the Pacific coast.

To Be Valued in Mexican Money.

Customs officers have been instructed that merchandise imported from Porto Rico and paid for in Mexican dollars shall be valued for duty at the current price of the Mexican dollar in that country, which is higher than the value declared by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Oystermen Back Ashore.

Word has reached here that the schooners Sunbeam and Water Lily, with cargoes of oysters, went ashore off Fishing Point, Del. Saturday, and that the crews of both craft were rescued in a state of exhaustion by the New life-saving crew.

New in the Second Column.

United States Consul General Williams at Havana has called the State Department that, upon instructions from Madrid, the Cuban customs officers placed American imports into Cuba in the second column of tariff rates, beginning at midnight on the 6th inst.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 120 bid, 130 asked. Gas and Electric Light, 100 bid, 110 asked. Metropolitan, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Gas, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Light, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Water, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Electric, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Gas, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Light, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Water, 100 bid, 110 asked. Washington Electric, 100 bid, 110 asked.

Placed on the Retired List.

Maj. William H. Eckels of the pay department was placed on the retired list after a long illness. He was a member of the 1st Cavalry, and was retired on account of disability. He was a member of the 1st Cavalry, and was retired on account of disability. He was a member of the 1st Cavalry, and was retired on account of disability.

HELD FOR GRAND JURY.

A Specialist Charged With Defrauding a Woman.

Mr. George Lilly, who lives on H street southwest, and who advertises as an M. D. in the cure of cancers, was on trial in Police Court today on a charge of false pretenses. Health Officer Woodward was a witness, and interested spectator in the case, while on the other hand Lawyer L. C. Williamson had in court several cancers in alcohol as evidence of his client's skill in this particular line. Prosecuting Attorney Ames presented the case and he informed the court that the District Attorney is prosecuting a large number of cases of this kind. Although there is an absence of such a law, he said there is enough law to cover this case.

Mr. Charles Slaughter of Richmond, who is visiting her sister at 513 K street northwest, claims that she was defrauded to the extent of \$40. She has a cancer of the breast, and when she came here to visit her sister she called on the defendant, whom she charged claimed that he could cure her cancer.

The warrant charged that he claimed that he was a physician, whereas the records of the health department show that he was not. The defendant, Mrs. Slaughter, was not confined to her bed. Her sister, who went with her, appeared in court and related the facts of the case. She said that the defendant's office and told of her conversation with him.

A number of reputable citizens were in court to testify to the defendant's ability to remove cancers. He had treated them successfully and they were willing and anxious to tell of what he had done in his treatment of cancers the defendant does not use a knife, but uses a salve that was used by his mother, and he said that the evidence of a number of witnesses, and then counsel proceeded with the argument.

Mr. Williamson argued that the defendant was not a physician, and that he was not a member of the medical society. He said that the defendant was not a member of the medical society, and that he was not a member of the medical society. He said that the defendant was not a member of the medical society, and that he was not a member of the medical society.

FOUND DEAD.

A Man Stretched in the Road and Frozen.

As a colored man was passing along the Ballist road in Alexandria county, yesterday afternoon on his way to Torrington station, on the Washington and Ohio railroad, he found a white man lying on the flat of his back on the snow-covered ground. Examination showed that the man was extinct and that the body was about one mile from the station. The man was a white man, and together they went in search of assistance, soon finding George Vetch, a brother of the man who had been found. The man was lying on the flat of his back on the snow-covered ground. Examination showed that the man was extinct and that the body was about one mile from the station.

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FINANCE AND TRADE

Advance in the Rates of Foreign Exchange.

BOND ISSUE REGARDED AS A MAKESHIFT.

Sugar the Feature of the Industrial Trials.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The bond issue and the recent heavy storms were converted into arguments for the depression of stock values at the opening of today's market. The sentiment of the trading element was unmistakably bearish, but the prevailing scarcity of borrowable certificates prevented a general decline in prices to sell. The short interest has been substantially increased within the last few days, and higher prices would quickly follow any attempt to cover. The presidential appeal for an issue of 3 per cent gold bonds is not expected to avail anything, and last week's hard bargain is generally construed to be a transitory makeshift, which will soon lose its influence as a speculative factor.

The advance of 1/2 per cent in the rates for foreign exchange, announced during the early forenoon, was regarded as significant in banking circles.

When the market was relatively to the pooling bill were too problematical to warrant action.

Interest centered largely in Northwest as the result of bad earnings and a growing belief that decreased dividends for both the common and preferred stock must follow. Selling by the leading bear operators marked the price of the pooling bill at 1-8 per cent before any opposition was encountered. As compared with other elements, the granger group, which bought this stock has long been considered slightly above the limit justified by a strict application of the rule governing intrinsic value. The loan market has served to stay any continuous decline, but the tendency of the stock for several weeks has been in the direction of a lower level, and as the decline in the price of the pooling bill, in consequence of an exhausted supply of securities, was expected to be temporarily expected by the more cautious operators.

Western Union reacted 1-2 per cent on sale of the stock, both accounts. Lake Shore gained 1 per cent on transactions involving only a few hundred shares. In the industrial list Sugar attracted the bulk of the trading, and advanced 1-8 per cent on early trading and reaching to opening figures on realizing sales during the forenoon. Reliable advice relative to the probable outcome of the pending efforts to repeal the one-tenth differential duty on imported sugar, state that the application of the rule governing intrinsic value of the stock for several weeks has been in the direction of a lower level, and as the decline in the price of the pooling bill, in consequence of an exhausted supply of securities, was expected to be temporarily expected by the more cautious operators.

The Cordage issues were again under pressure at reductions of 1-4 per cent and the decline in the price of the pooling bill, in consequence of an exhausted supply of securities, was expected to be temporarily expected by the more cautious operators.

The market for the pooling bill was strong on a fair volume of business. The supply of bills received in this morning's auction was subject to much adverse comment. The balance of the industrials were given over to dullness and no important changes were recorded.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Smith & Schorr, New York.

Stocks.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
American Sugar Pfd.	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
American Tobacco	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
American Cotton Oil	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Atchafalaya	49 1/2</		